

```
using namespace std;  
#include <fstream>  
#include <iostream>  
#include <string>
```

If you declare an object of type string, you must include the header file <string>.

```
int main()  
{ifstream fin;
```

```
int i, pos=0;  
char line[80];
```

```
string name,temp("sam");  
double gross,hours,rate;  
fin.open("strdata3.txt");  
for (i=0;i<3;i++)
```

```
{ fin >>name;  
cin.getline(line, 80);  
cout << name << endl;  
pos=name.find(temp,0);  
cout << "found sam at "<<pos<<"\n";
```

If you declare an object as an array of character it is included in the <iostream> header file.

getline is a function for character arrays.

```
}
```

```
fin.close();  
  
return 0;  
}
```

This function and other string functions for string class are listed on pages 582 and 583 of your textbook.

The method for comparing character arrays is listed on pages 558 and 559.

```
if ((strcmp(name1, name2) == 0)  
.... equal  
else if ((strcmp(name1, name2) < 0)  
.... name1 < name2 A < F  
else if ((strcmp(name1, name2) > 0)  
.... name1 > name2 F > A
```

Differences Between HTML and XHTML

In HTML the <meta> tag has no end tag.

In XHTML the <meta> tag must be properly closed.

Examples

Example 1 - Define keywords for search engines:

```
<meta name="keywords" content="HTML, CSS, XML, XHTML, JavaScript">
```

The method comparing strings is in on page 578 of your textbook.

Example 2 - Define a description of your web page:

```
<meta name="description" content="Free Web tutorials on HTML and CSS"
```

```
if (name1 < name2)
```

```
.....
```

```
else if (name1 > name2)
```

Example of data file

wright,sam,george,sue,darrell	40	5
sue,darrell,sam	30	6
george,sue,darrell,george	10	20